Regulations and Statutes UB14-07 Amended

11 NYCRR 35.6

(b) Every title insurance agent and title insurance corporation shall, on its website, make its range of charges for title services publicly available and accessible in a manner that permits a policyholder or potential applicant to independently determine the applicable charges. If a title insurance agent does not have a website, then the title insurance agent shall post its range of charges for title services in its place of business and provide the range of charges to policyholders or potential applicants in a written document.

Insurance Law 2113

(b) At the time of the application, a title insurance agent shall provide to every applicant for insurance, a written good faith estimate of the premium on the policy or policies to be issued and a breakdown of the amount of all fees and service costs, including all filing fees, recording charges, and closing costs, and any other ancillary or discretionary charges to be incurred, and the amount of any commission or other compensation to be paid to such agent by the title insurance corporation. If no title insurance agent is utilized, the title insurer shall provide the disclosures. If the applicant is represented by an attorney, the written good faith estimate shall be provided to the attorney.

11NYCRR 30.3

- (g) Notwithstanding subdivision (a) of this section, if an insurance producer is a title insurance agent, then the title insurance agent shall, in lieu of the disclosures required by subdivision (a) of this section, provide the written disclosures required by Insurance Law section 2113(b). As part of such disclosure, the title insurance agent shall provide a description of the title insurance agent's role in the title insurance transaction and provide the information required by subdivision (b) of this section.
- (b) If the purchaser requests more information about the producer's compensation prior to the issuance of the insurance contract, the producer shall disclose the following information to the purchaser in a prominent writing at or prior to the issuance of the insurance contract, except that if time is of the essence to issue the insurance contract, then within five business days:
 - (1) a description of the nature, amount and source of any compensation to be received by the producer or any parent, subsidiary or affiliate based in whole or in part on the sale;
 - (2) a description of any alternative quotes presented by the producer, including the coverage, premium and compensation that the insurance producer or any parent, subsidiary or affiliate would have received based in whole or in part on the sale of any such alternative coverage;
 - (3) a description of any material ownership interest the insurance producer or any parent, subsidiary or affiliate has in the insurer issuing the insurance contract or any parent, subsidiary or affiliate;
 - (4) a description of any material ownership interest the insurer issuing the insurance contract or any parent, subsidiary or affiliates has in the insurance producer or any parent, subsidiary or affiliate; and
 - (5) a statement whether the insurance producer is prohibited by law from altering the amount of compensation received from the insurer based in whole or in part on the sale.

11 NYCRR 35.6

(a) At the time of closing, a title insurance agent shall provide to the applicant, or the applicant's representative, a list of its title insurance fees, including discretionary or ancillary fees, along with any other separately identifiable service charge, in accordance with the title insurance agent's or title insurance corporation's fee schedule. The title insurance agent also shall disclose to the applicant, or the applicant's representative, the premium for the title insurance policy at the time of closing. If no title insurance agent is used, then the title insurance corporation shall provide the notices

Insurance Law Section 2119

(f) No title insurance agent may receive any compensation or fee, direct or indirect, for or on account of services performed in connection with the issuance of a title insurance policy, unless such compensation is: (1) for ancillary services not encompassed in the rate of premium approved by the superintendent; and (2) based upon a written memorandum signed by the party to be charged, and specifying or clearly defining the amount or extent of such compensation to be charged for each ancillary service as well as the total amount or extent of the compensation to be charged. A copy of every such memorandum shall be retained by the licensee for not less than three years after such services have been fully performed. For purposes of this subsection, legal services performed by a New York state licensed attorney who is also engaged as a title insurance agent shall not be considered ancillary services.